# LCD / LCM SPECIFICATION



WINSTAR Display Co.,Ltd. 華凌光電股份有限公司



WEB: <a href="https://www.winstar.com.tw">https://www.winstar.com.tw</a> E-mail: sales@winstar.com.tw

### **SPECIFICATION**

MODULE NO.:	WO12864C	2-TMI#
APPROVED BY:  ( FOR CUSTOMER USE ONLY )	PCB VERSION:	DATA:

SALES BY	APPROVED BY	CHECKED BY	PREPARED BY

VERSION	DATE	REVISED PAGE NO.	SUMMARY
J	2020/12/15		Add Interface



### DOC. FIRST ISSUE

<b>RECORDS OF REVISION</b>
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VERSION	DATE	REVISED PAGE NO.		SUMMARY
0	2013/01/30		Fiı	est issue
A	2013/03/07		M	odify the Absolute
				aximum Ratings and
			Ele	ectrical Characteristics.
В	2014/02/17			odify Optical
			Ch	naracteristics
C	2016/01/27		M	odify Precautions in use
			of	LCD Modules
			8	z Static electricity test
D	2016/04/21		M	odify Response Time
Е	2016/11/18		Αc	ld FPC bending rule
F	2018/12/03		M	odify Luminance.
G	2019/07/23		Co	orrect Interface Pin
			Fu	nction.
Н	2019/08/27		M	odify Material List of
			Co	omponents for RoHs
I	2019/12/17		M	odify Precautions in use
			of	LCD Modules
J	2020/12/15		Ac	ld Interface

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### 1. Module Classification Information

① Brand: WINSTAR DISPLAY CORPORATION

② Display Type: H→Character Type, G→Graphic Type, X→TAB Type, O→COG Type

③ Display Font: 128 \* 64 dot

Model serials no.

 $B\rightarrow EL$ , Blue green  $A\rightarrow LED$ , Amber  $J\rightarrow DIP$  LED, Blue  $D\rightarrow EL$ , Green  $R\rightarrow LED$ , Red  $K\rightarrow DIP$  LED, White

W→EL, White O→LED, Orange E→DIP LED, Yellow Green

 $M\rightarrow EL$ , Yellow Green  $G\rightarrow LED$ , Green  $H\rightarrow DIP$  LED, Amber  $F\rightarrow CCFL$ , White  $P\rightarrow LED$ , Blue  $I\rightarrow DIP$  LED, Red

 $Y\rightarrow$ LED, Yellow Green  $X\rightarrow$ LED, Dual color  $G\rightarrow$ LED, Green  $C\rightarrow$ LED, Full color

© LCD Mode : B→TN Positive, Gray V→FSTN Negative, Blue

N→TN Negative, T→FSTN Negative, Black

L→VA Negative D→FSTN Negative (Double film)

 $H \rightarrow HTN$  Positive, Gray  $F \rightarrow FSTN$  Positive  $I \rightarrow HTN$  Negative, Black  $K \rightarrow FSC$  Negative  $U \rightarrow HTN$  Negative, Blue  $S \rightarrow FSC$  Positive

M→STN Negative, Blue E→ISTN Negative, Black
G→STN Positive, Gray C→CSTN Negative, Black
Y→STN Positive, Yellow Green A→ASTN Negative, Black

② LCD Polarize A→Reflective, N.T, 6:00 H→Transflective, W.T,6:00

Type/ Temperature D→Reflective, N.T, 12:00 K→Transflective, W.T,12:00 range/ View G→Reflective, W. T, 6:00 C→Transmissive, N.T,6:00 direction J→Reflective, W. T, 12:00 F→Transmissive, N.T,12:00

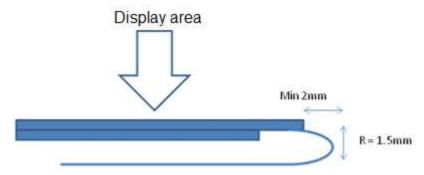
B $\rightarrow$ Transflective, N.T,6:00 I $\rightarrow$ Transmissive, W. T, 6:00

E→Transflective, N.T.12:00 L→Transmissive, W.T,12:00

Special Code #:Fit in with the ROHS Directions and regulations

### 2.Precautions in use of LCD Modules

- (1) Avoid applying excessive shocks to the module or making any alterations or modifications to it.
- (2)Don't make extra holes on the printed circuit board, modify its shape or change the components of LCD module.
- (3)Don't disassemble the LCM.
- (4)Don't operate it above the absolute maximum rating.
- (5)Don't drop, bend or twist LCM.
- (6) Soldering: only to the I/O terminals.
- (7)Storage: please storage in anti-static electricity container and clean environment.
- (8) Winstar have the right to change the passive components, including R3,R6 & backlight adjust resistors. (Resistors, capacitors and other passive components will have different appearance and color caused by the different supplier.)
- (9) Winstar have the right to change the PCB Rev. (In order to satisfy the supplying stability, management optimization and the best product performance...etc, under the premise of not affecting the electrical characteristics and external dimensions, Winstar have the right to modify the version.)
- (10) To ensure the stability of the display screen, please apply screen saver after showing 30 mins of fixed display content.
- (11) The limitation of FPC bending



(12)Please heat up a little the tape sticking on the components when removing it; otherwise the components might be damaged.

**%%"** WINSTAR

# **3.General Specification**

Item	Dimension	Unit
Number of Dots	128 x 64 dots	_
Module dimension	55.2x 39.8 x 6.5(MAX)	mm
View area	45.2 x 27.0	mm
Active area	40.92 x 24.28	mm
Dot size	0.28 x 0.34	mm
Dot pitch	0.32 x 0.38	mm
LCD type	STN, Blue ,Transmissive Negative (In LCD production, It will occur slightly color can only guarantee the same color in the same	
Duty	1/64 , 1/9 Bias	
View direction	6 o'clock	
Backlight Type	LED White	
IC	ST7565P	
Interface	6800/8080/4-Line SPI	

# **4.Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Item	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Operating Temperature	$T_{\mathrm{OP}}$	-20	_	+70	$^{\circ}\!\mathbb{C}$
Storage Temperature	$T_{ST}$	-30	_	+80	$^{\circ}\!\mathbb{C}$
Power Supply Voltage	VDD	-0.3	_	3.6	V
Power supply voltage (VDD standard)	V0, VOUT	-0.3	_	14.5	V
Power supply voltage (VDD standard)	V1, V2, V3, V4	-0.3	_	V0+0.3	V

## **5.Electrical Characteristics**

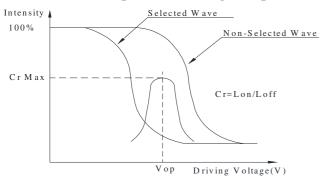
Item	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage For Logic	$V_{DD}$ - $V_{SS}$	_	2.7	3.0	3.3	V
		Ta=-20°C	_	_	_	V
Supply Voltage For LCM	VOP	Ta=25°℃	9.4	9.6	9.8	V
		Ta=70°C	_	_	_	V
Input High Volt.	$V_{ m IH}$	_	$0.8~\mathrm{V_{DD}}$	_	$V_{DD}$	V
Input Low Volt.	$V_{IL}$	_	Vss	_	$0.2~\mathrm{V_{DD}}$	V
Output High Volt.	$V_{\mathrm{OH}}$	_	$0.8~\mathrm{V_{DD}}$	_	$V_{\mathrm{DD}}$	V
Output Low Volt.	V <sub>OL</sub>	_	Vss	_	$0.2V_{DD}$	V
Supply Current(No include  LED Backlight)	$I_{DD}$	V <sub>DD</sub> =3.0V	_	0.49	1.0	mA

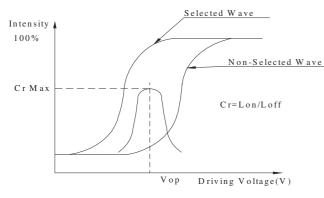
NOTE 1: Please kindly consider to design the Vop to be adjustable while programing the software to match LCD contrast tolerance

### **6.Optical Characteristics**

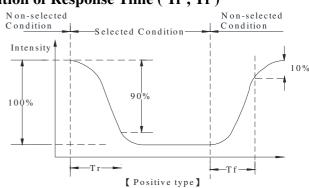
Item	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
	$\theta$	CR≧2	0	_	20	$\phi = 180^{\circ}$
<b>V</b> 7: <b>A</b> 1 -	$\theta$	CR≧2	0	_	40	$\phi = 0^{\circ}$
View Angle	$\theta$	CR≧2	0	_	30	$\phi = 90^{\circ}$
	$\theta$	CR≧2	0	_	30	$\phi = 270^{\circ}$
Contrast Ratio	CR	_	—	3	_	_
D	T rise	_	_	200	300	ms
Response Time	T fall	_	_	250	350	ms

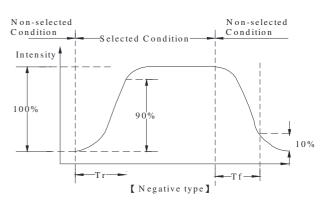
### **Definition of Operation Voltage (Vop)**





#### **Definition of Response Time (Tr, Tf)**



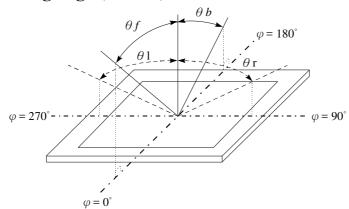


#### **Conditions:**

Operating Voltage: Vop Frame Frequency: 64 HZ Viewing Angle( $\theta$ ,  $\varphi$ ):  $0^{\circ}$ ,  $0^{\circ}$ 

Driving Waveform: 1/N duty, 1/a bias

### Definition of viewing angle( $CR \ge 2$ )



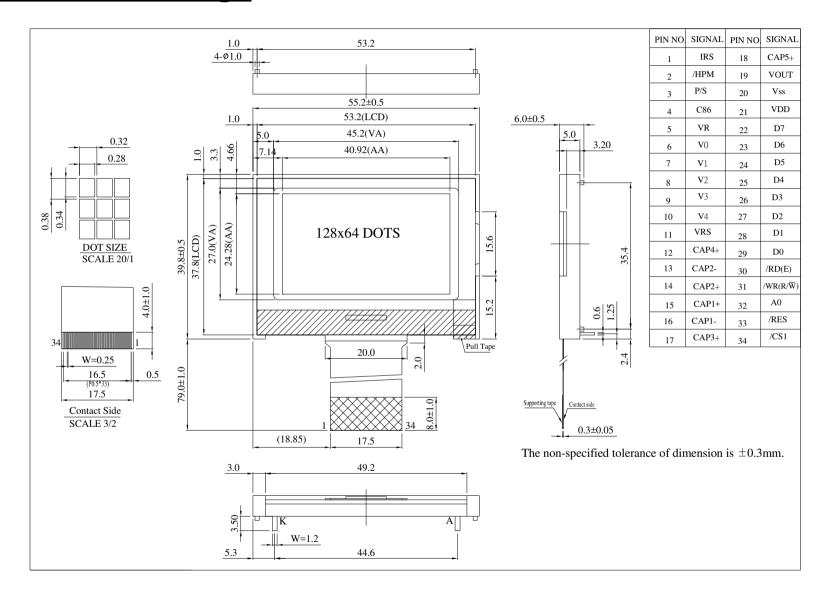
## **7.Interface Pin Function**

Pin No.	Symbol	Level	Description					
			This tern	ninal selects the	resistors fo	or the V0 vo	oltage level a	ndjustment.
			IRS = "H	I": Use the inter	nal resistor	·s		
1	IRS	I	IRS = "L	": Do not use th	ne internal 1	resistors. Th	ne V0 voltag	e level is
			regulated	l by an external	resistive vo	oltage divid	er attached t	o the VR
			terminal					
				ne power contro	l terminal f	or the powe	er supply circ	cuit for liquid
2	/HPM	I	crystal d					
				"H": Normal m				
				"L": High powe	-			
				ne parallel data i	•	data input s	switch termi	nal.
				": Parallel data	•			
				": Serial data in	•	- 41 D/C -4-	4	
			The folio	owing applies de	epending or	i the P/S sta	itus:	
	5.10	_	P/S	Data/Command	Data	Read/Write	Serial Clock	
3	P/S	I	"H"	A0	D0 to D7	/RD, /WR	Х	
			"L"	AO	SI (D7)	Write only	SCL (D6)	
			When P/	When $P/S = $ "L", D0 to D5 fixed "H".				
			/RD (E)	and /WR (R/W)	are fixed to	o either "H'	or "L".	
			With seri	ial data input, It	is impossib	ole read data	a from RAM	I
4				ne MPU interfac		-		
4	C86	I		H": 6800 Series				
				L": 8080 Series				
			_	oltage regulator			voltage bet	ween VSS and
5	VR	I		gh a resistive vo	· ·		• .	
				": the V0 volta				
		Doyyan	IRS = F	I": the V0 volta	ige regulato	or internal re	esistors are t	ised.
6~10	V0~V4	Power Supply	This is a multi-level power supply for the liquid crystal drive.					
		Power	This is the internal-output VREG power supply for the LCD power					
11	VRS	Supply		supply voltage regulator.				
12	CAP4+	О	DC/DC v	DC/DC voltage converter.				
13	CAP2-	О	DC/DC v	voltage converte	er. Connect	a capacitor	between thi	s terminal and
13	CAP2-		the CAP	2P terminal.				

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14 CAP2+ O DC/DC voltage converter. Connect a capacitor between this terminal and the CAP1N terminal.  16 CAP1- O DC/DC voltage converter. Connect a capacitor between this terminal and the CAP1N terminal.  17 CAP3+ O DC/DC voltage converter. Connect a capacitor between this terminal and the CAP1N terminal.  18 CAP5+ O DC/DC voltage converter. Connect a capacitor between this terminal and the CAP1N terminal.  19 VOUT O DC/DC voltage converter.  19 VOUT O DC/DC voltage converter.  10 DC/DC voltage converter. Connect a capacitor between this terminal and vss or VDD  20 VSS Power Supply  21 VDD Power Supply  22-29 D7-D0 I/O Data bus line  10 When connected to 8080 series MPU, this pin is treated as the "/RD" signal of the 8080 MPU and is LOW-active.  11 The data bus is in an output status when this signal is "L".  12 When connected to 6800 series MPU, this pin is treated as the "E" signal of the 6800 MPU and is HIGH-active.  13 This is the enable clock input terminal of the 6800 Series MPU.  14 When connected to 6800 series MPU, this pin is treated as the "/WR" signal of the 6800 MPU and is LOW-active.  15 The signals on the data bus are latched at the rising edge of the /WR signal of the 6800 MPU and decides the access type:  16 When R/W = "IT": Read.  17 When R/W = "IT": Read.  18 When R/W = "IT": Write.  29 This is connect to the least significant bit of the normal MPU address bus, and it determines whether the data bits are data or command.  20 A0 = "IT": Indicates that D0 to D7 are display data.  21 A0 = "IT": Indicates that D0 to D7 are control data.  22 A0   This is the chip select signal.				
the CAPIN terminal.  16 CAPI- 17 CAP3+ 18 CAP5+ 19 O DC/DC voltage converter. Connect a capacitor between this terminal and the CAPIP terminal.  18 CAP5+ 19 VOUT 10 DC/DC voltage converter.  19 VOUT 20 VSS Power Supply 21 VDD Power Supply 22-29 D7-D0 I/O Data bus line  18 **When connected to 8080 series MPU, this pin is treated as the "/RD" signal of the 8080 MPU and is LOW-active.  19 The data bus is in an output status when this signal is "L".  **When connected to 6800 series MPU, this pin is treated as the "E" signal of the 6800 MPU and is HIGH-active.  This is the enable clock input terminal of the 6800 Series MPU.  **When connected to 8080 series MPU, this pin is treated as the "F" signal of the 8080 MPU and is LOW-active.  The signals on the data bus are latched at the rising edge of the /WR signal.  **When connected to 6800 series MPU, this pin is treated as the "R/W" signal of the 8080 MPU and decides the access type:  When R/W = "H": Read.  A0 = "H": Indicates that D0 to D7 are display data.  A0 = "H": Indicates that D0 to D7 are display data.  A0 = "L": Indicates that D0 to D7 are control data.  When R/S is set to "L", the setting are initialized.	14	CAP2+	О	DC/DC voltage converter. Connect a capacitor between this terminal and the CAP2N terminal.
the CAP1N terminal.  DC/DC voltage converter. Connect a capacitor between this terminal and the CAP1N terminal.  CAP3+ O DC/DC voltage converter. Connect a capacitor between this terminal and the CAP1N terminal.  CAP3+ O DC/DC voltage converter.  Connect a capacitor between this terminal and the CAP1N terminal.  DC/DC voltage converter.  Connect a capacitor between this terminal and the CAP1N terminal.  DC/DC voltage converter.  Connect a capacitor between this terminal and the CAP1N terminal.  DC/DC voltage converter.  Connect a capacitor between this terminal and the CAP1N terminal and the CAP1N terminal.  DC/DC voltage converter.  Connect a capacitor between this terminal and the CAP1N terminal and ter	1.5	CAD1 :	0	DC/DC voltage converter. Connect a capacitor between this terminal and
the CAPIP terminal.    CAP3+	15	13 CAF1+		the CAP1N terminal.
the CAP1P terminal.  DC/DC voltage converter. Connect a capacitor between this terminal and the CAP1N terminal.  DC/DC voltage converter.  DC/DC voltage converter.  DC/DC voltage converter.  DC/DC voltage converter.  DC/DC voltage converter. Connect a capacitor between this terminal and vss or VDD  VSS Power Supply  Power	1.6	CAD1	0	DC/DC voltage converter. Connect a capacitor between this terminal and
the CAP1N terminal.    CAP5+	10	CAP1-	U	the CAP1P terminal.
the CAPIN terminal.  18	17	CAD2+	0	DC/DC voltage converter. Connect a capacitor between this terminal and
DC/DC voltage converter. Connect a capacitor between this terminal and vss or VDD  20 VSS Power Supply  21 VDD Power Supply  22-29 D7-D0 I/O Data bus line  *When connected to 8080 series MPU, this pin is treated as the "/RD" signal of the 8080 MPU and is LOW-active.  The data bus is in an output status when this signal is "L".  *When connected to 6800 series MPU, this pin is treated as the "E" signal of the 6800 MPU and is HIGH-active.  This is the enable clock input terminal of the 6800 Series MPU.  *When connected to 8080 series MPU, this pin is treated as the "/WR" signal of the 8080 MPU and is LOW-active.  The signals on the data bus are latched at the rising edge of the /WR signal.  *When connected to 6800 series MPU, this pin is treated as the "R/W" signal of the 6800 MPU and decides the access type:  When R/W = "H": Read.  When R/W = "L": Write.  This is connect to the least significant bit of the normal MPU address bus, and it determines whether the data bits are data or command.  A0 = "H": Indicates that D0 to D7 are display data.  A0 = "L": Indicates that D0 to D7 are control data.  33 /RES I When RES is set to "L", the setting are initialized.	17	CAF5+	O	the CAP1N terminal.
VSS Power Supply  21 VDD Power Supply  22~29 D7~D0 I/O Data bus line  *When connected to 8080 series MPU, this pin is treated as the "/RD" signal of the 8080 MPU and is LOW-active.  The data bus is in an output status when this signal is "L".  *When connected to 6800 series MPU, this pin is treated as the "E" signal of the 6800 MPU and is HIGH-active.  This is the enable clock input terminal of the 6800 Series MPU.  *When connected to 8080 series MPU, this pin is treated as the "C" signal of the 8080 MPU and is LOW-active.  The signals on the data bus are latched at the rising edge of the /WR signal.  *When connected to 6800 series MPU, this pin is treated as the "R/W" signal of the 6800 MPU and decides the access type:  When R/W = "H": Read.  When R/W = "L": Write.  This is connect to the least significant bit of the normal MPU address bus, and it determines whether the data bits are data or command.  A0 = "H": Indicates that D0 to D7 are display data.  A0 = "L": Indicates that D0 to D7 are control data.  33 /RES I When RES is set to "L", the setting are initialized.	18	CAP5+	O	DC/DC voltage converter.
vss or VDD  VSS Power Supply  Power Supply  22~29 D7~D0 I/O Data bus line  • When connected to 8080 series MPU, this pin is treated as the "/RD" signal of the 8080 MPU and is LOW-active.  The data bus is in an output status when this signal is "L". • When connected to 6800 series MPU, this pin is treated as the "E" signal of the 6800 MPU and is HIGH-active.  This is the enable clock input terminal of the 6800 Series MPU.  • When connected to 8080 series MPU, this pin is treated as the "E" signal of the 8080 MPU and is LOW-active.  The signals on the data bus are latched at the rising edge of the /WR signal. • When connected to 6800 series MPU, this pin is treated as the "R/W" signal of the 6800 MPU and decides the access type:  When R/W = "H": Read. When R/W = "L": Write.  This is connect to the least significant bit of the normal MPU address bus, and it determines whether the data bits are data or command.  A0 = "H": Indicates that D0 to D7 are display data.  A0 = "L": Indicates that D0 to D7 are display data.  33 /RES I When RES is set to "L", the setting are initialized.	10	VOUT	0	DC/DC voltage converter. Connect a capacitor between this terminal and
21 VDD Power Supply  22~29 D7~D0 I/O Data bus line  * When connected to 8080 series MPU, this pin is treated as the "/RD" signal of the 8080 MPU and is LOW-active.  The data bus is in an output status when this signal is "L".  * When connected to 6800 series MPU, this pin is treated as the "E" signal of the 6800 MPU and is HIGH-active.  This is the enable clock input terminal of the 6800 Series MPU.  * When connected to 8080 series MPU, this pin is treated as the "/WR" signal of the 8080 MPU and is LOW-active.  The signals on the data bus are latched at the rising edge of the /WR signal.  * When connected to 6800 series MPU, this pin is treated as the "R/W" signal of the 6800 MPU and decides the access type:  When R/W = "H": Read.  When R/W = "L": Write.  This is connect to the least significant bit of the normal MPU address bus, and it determines whether the data bits are data or command.  A0 = "H": Indicates that D0 to D7 are display data.  A0 = "L": Indicates that D0 to D7 are control data.  33 /RES I When RES is set to "L", the setting are initialized.	19	VO01	0	vss or VDD
21 VDD Power Supply  22~29 D7~D0 I/O Data bus line  * When connected to 8080 series MPU, this pin is treated as the "/RD" signal of the 8080 MPU and is LOW-active.  The data bus is in an output status when this signal is "L".  * When connected to 6800 series MPU, this pin is treated as the "E" signal of the 6800 MPU and is HIGH-active.  This is the enable clock input terminal of the 6800 Series MPU.  * When connected to 8080 series MPU, this pin is treated as the "YMR" signal of the 8080 MPU and is LOW-active.  The signals on the data bus are latched at the rising edge of the /WR signal of the 6800 MPU and decides the access type:  When R/W = "H": Read.  When R/W = "L": Write.  This is connect to the least significant bit of the normal MPU address bus, and it determines whether the data bits are data or command.  A0 = "H": Indicates that D0 to D7 are display data.  A0 = "L": Indicates that D0 to D7 are control data.  33 /RES I When RES is set to "L", the setting are initialized.	20	VSS	Power	Ground
22~29 D7~D0 I/O Data bus line  **When connected to 8080 series MPU, this pin is treated as the "/RD" signal of the 8080 MPU and is LOW-active.  The data bus is in an output status when this signal is "L".  *When connected to 6800 series MPU, this pin is treated as the "E" signal of the 6800 MPU and is HIGH-active.  This is the enable clock input terminal of the 6800 Series MPU.  *When connected to 8080 series MPU, this pin is treated as the "/WR" signal of the 8080 MPU and is LOW-active.  The signals on the data bus are latched at the rising edge of the /WR signal.  *When connected to 6800 series MPU, this pin is treated as the "R/W" signal of the 6800 MPU and decides the access type:  When R/W = "H": Read.  When R/W = "L": Write.  This is connect to the least significant bit of the normal MPU address bus, and it determines whether the data bits are data or command.  A0 = "H": Indicates that D0 to D7 are display data.  A0 = "L": Indicates that D0 to D7 are control data.  When RES is set to "L", the setting are initialized.		, 55		oround .
22~29 D7~D0 I/O Data bus line  *When connected to 8080 series MPU, this pin is treated as the "/RD" signal of the 8080 MPU and is LOW-active.  The data bus is in an output status when this signal is "L".  *When connected to 6800 series MPU, this pin is treated as the "E" signal of the 6800 MPU and is HIGH-active.  This is the enable clock input terminal of the 6800 Series MPU.  *When connected to 8080 series MPU, this pin is treated as the "/WR" signal of the 8080 MPU and is LOW-active.  The signals on the data bus are latched at the rising edge of the /WR signal.  *When connected to 6800 series MPU, this pin is treated as the "R/W" signal of the 6800 MPU and decides the access type:  When R/W = "H": Read.  When R/W = "L": Write.  This is connect to the least significant bit of the normal MPU address bus, and it determines whether the data bits are data or command.  A0 = "H": Indicates that D0 to D7 are display data.  A0 = "L": Indicates that D0 to D7 are control data.  When RES is set to "L", the setting are initialized.	21	VDD		Power supply
*When connected to 8080 series MPU, this pin is treated as the "/RD" signal of the 8080 MPU and is LOW-active.  The data bus is in an output status when this signal is "L".  *When connected to 6800 series MPU, this pin is treated as the "E" signal of the 6800 MPU and is HIGH-active.  This is the enable clock input terminal of the 6800 Series MPU.  *When connected to 8080 series MPU, this pin is treated as the "/WR" signal of the 8080 MPU and is LOW-active.  The signals on the data bus are latched at the rising edge of the /WR signal.  *When connected to 6800 series MPU, this pin is treated as the "R/W" signal of the 6800 MPU and decides the access type:  When R/W = "H": Read.  When R/W = "L": Write.  This is connect to the least significant bit of the normal MPU address bus, and it determines whether the data bits are data or command.  A0 = "H": Indicates that D0 to D7 are display data.  A0 = "L": Indicates that D0 to D7 are control data.  When RES is set to "L", the setting are initialized.			Supply	
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The data bus is in an output status when this signal is "L".  • When connected to 6800 series MPU, this pin is treated as the "E" signal of the 6800 MPU and is HIGH-active.  This is the enable clock input terminal of the 6800 Series MPU.  • When connected to 8080 series MPU, this pin is treated as the "/WR" signal of the 8080 MPU and is LOW-active.  The signals on the data bus are latched at the rising edge of the /WR signal.  • When connected to 6800 series MPU, this pin is treated as the "R/W" signal of the 6800 MPU and decides the access type:  When R/W = "H": Read.  When R/W = "L": Write.  This is connect to the least significant bit of the normal MPU address bus, and it determines whether the data bits are data or command.  A0 = "H": Indicates that D0 to D7 are display data.  A0 = "L": Indicates that D0 to D7 are control data.  When RES is set to "L", the setting are initialized.				• When connected to 8080 series MPU, this pin is treated as the "/RD"
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This is the enable clock input terminal of the 6800 Series MPU.  • When connected to 8080 series MPU, this pin is treated as the "/WR" signal of the 8080 MPU and is LOW-active.  The signals on the data bus are latched at the rising edge of the /WR signal.  • When connected to 6800 series MPU, this pin is treated as the "R/W" signal of the 6800 MPU and decides the access type:  When R/W = "H": Read.  When R/W = "L": Write.  This is connect to the least significant bit of the normal MPU address bus, and it determines whether the data bits are data or command.  A0 = "H": Indicates that D0 to D7 are display data.  A0 = "L": Indicates that D0 to D7 are control data.  When RES is set to "L", the setting are initialized.	30	/KD(E)	1	• When connected to 6800 series MPU, this pin is treated as the "E"
• When connected to 8080 series MPU, this pin is treated as the "/WR" signal of the 8080 MPU and is LOW-active.  The signals on the data bus are latched at the rising edge of the /WR signal.  • When connected to 6800 series MPU, this pin is treated as the "R/W" signal of the 6800 MPU and decides the access type:  When R/W = "H": Read.  When R/W = "L": Write.  This is connect to the least significant bit of the normal MPU address bus, and it determines whether the data bits are data or command.  A0 = "H": Indicates that D0 to D7 are display data.  A0 = "L": Indicates that D0 to D7 are control data.				signal of the 6800 MPU and is HIGH-active.
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The signals on the data bus are latched at the rising edge of the /WR signal.  • When connected to 6800 series MPU, this pin is treated as the "R/W" signal of the 6800 MPU and decides the access type:  When R/W = "H": Read. When R/W = "L": Write.  This is connect to the least significant bit of the normal MPU address bus, and it determines whether the data bits are data or command.  A0 = "H": Indicates that D0 to D7 are display data.  A0 = "L": Indicates that D0 to D7 are control data.  When RES is set to "L", the setting are initialized.				• When connected to 8080 series MPU, this pin is treated as the "/WR"
31 /WR(R/W)  I signal.  • When connected to 6800 series MPU, this pin is treated as the "R/W" signal of the 6800 MPU and decides the access type:  When R/W = "H": Read. When R/W = "L": Write.  This is connect to the least significant bit of the normal MPU address bus, and it determines whether the data bits are data or command.  A0 = "H": Indicates that D0 to D7 are display data.  A0 = "L": Indicates that D0 to D7 are control data.  When RES is set to "L", the setting are initialized.				signal of the 8080 MPU and is LOW-active.
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When R/W = "H": Read. When R/W = "L": Write.  This is connect to the least significant bit of the normal MPU address bus, and it determines whether the data bits are data or command.  A0 = "H": Indicates that D0 to D7 are display data. A0 = "L": Indicates that D0 to D7 are control data.  When RES is set to "L", the setting are initialized.	31	/ W K(K/ W )	1	• When connected to 6800 series MPU, this pin is treated as the "R/W"
When R/W = "L": Write.  This is connect to the least significant bit of the normal MPU address bus, and it determines whether the data bits are data or command.  A0 = "H": Indicates that D0 to D7 are display data.  A0 = "L": Indicates that D0 to D7 are control data.  When RES is set to "L", the setting are initialized.				signal of the 6800 MPU and decides the access type:
This is connect to the least significant bit of the normal MPU address bus, and it determines whether the data bits are data or command.  A0 = "H": Indicates that D0 to D7 are display data.  A0 = "L": Indicates that D0 to D7 are control data.  When RES is set to "L", the setting are initialized.				When R/W = "H": Read.
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A0 I A0 = "H": Indicates that D0 to D7 are display data. A0 = "L": Indicates that D0 to D7 are control data.  NRES I When RES is set to "L", the setting are initialized.				This is connect to the least significant bit of the normal MPU address bus,
A0 = "H": Indicates that D0 to D7 are display data. A0 = "L": Indicates that D0 to D7 are control data.  7RES  I When RES is set to "L", the setting are initialized.	32	A0	Ţ	and it determines whether the data bits are data or command.
33 /RES I When RES is set to "L", the setting are initialized.	] 32	AU	1	A0 = "H": Indicates that D0 to D7 are display data.
				A0 = "L": Indicates that D0 to D7 are control data.
34 /CS1 I This is the chip select signal.	33	/RES	I	When RES is set to "L", the setting are initialized.
	34	/CS1	I	This is the chip select signal.

## **8.Contour Drawing**



### 9.Reliability

Content of Reliability Test (Wide temperature, -20°C~70°C)

	Environmental Test							
Test Item	Content of Test	Test Condition	Not e					
High Temperature storage	Endurance test applying the high storage temperature for a long time.	80°C 200hrs	2					
Low Temperature storage	Endurance test applying the low storage temperature for a long time.	-30°C 200hrs	1,2					
High Temperature Operation	Endurance test applying the electric stress (Voltage & Current) and the thermal stress to the element for a long time.	70°C 200hrs						
Low Temperature Operation	Endurance test applying the electric stress under low temperature for a long time.	-20°C 200hrs	1					
High Temperature/ Humidity storage	The module should be allowed to stand at 60 °C,90%RH max For 96hrs under no-load condition excluding the polarizer, Then taking it out and drying it at normal temperature.	60°C,90%RH 96hrs	1,2					
Thermal shock resistance	The sample should be allowed stand the following 10 cycles of operation  -20°C 25°C 70°C  30min 5min 30min 1 cycle	-20°C/70°C 10 cycles						
Vibration test	Endurance test applying the vibration during transportation and using.	Total fixed amplitude: 1.5mm Vibration Frequency: 10~55Hz One cycle 60 seconds to 3 directions of X,Y,Z for Each 15 minutes	3					
Static electricity test	Endurance test applying the electric stress to the terminal.	VS=±600V(contact), ±800v(air), RS=330 Ω CS=150pF 10 times						

Note1: No dew condensation to be observed.

Note2: The function test shall be conducted after 4 hours storage at the normal

Temperature and humidity after remove from the test chamber.

Note3: The packing have to including into the vibration testing.

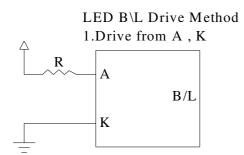
## **10.Backlight Information**

### **Specification**

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Supply Current	ILED	36	48	60	mA	V=3.5V
Supply Voltage	V	3.4	3.5	3.6	V	
Reverse Voltage	VR	_	_	5	V	_
Luminance (Without LCD)	IV	800	1000	_	CD/M <sup>2</sup>	ILED=48mA
LED Life Time (For Reference only)	_	_	50000	_	Hr.	ILED ≤ 48mA 25°C,50-60% RH, (Note 1)
Color	White				•	

Note: The LED of B/L is drive by current only; driving voltage is only for reference To make driving current in safety area (waste current between minimum and maximum).

Note 1:50K hours is only an estimate for reference.



# 11.Inspection specification

No	Item			Criterion		AQL		
		Missing vertical, horizontal segment, segment contrast defect.						
	Electrical	Missing character, dot or icon.						
		Display malfunction.						
01		No function or no display.						
01	Testing	Current consumption exceeds product specifications.						
		LCD viewing angle defect.						
		Mixed product ty	ypes.					
		Contrast defect.						
	Black or white	2.1 White and bl	ack spots	on display $\leq 0.25 \text{m}$	nm, no more than			
02	spots on LCD	three white or bla	ack spots	present.		2.5		
	(display only)	2.2 Densely space	ed: No n	nore than two spots of	or lines within 3mm			
		3.1 Round type:	As follo	wing drawing				
		$\Phi = (x + y) / 2$						
	LCD black spots, white spots,	X	ı I	G.	A 11 OTW			
		<b>→</b>	_	Size	Acceptable QTY	2.5		
		_	r Y	$\Phi \leq 0.10$	Accept no dense	2.3		
			T <sub>e</sub>	$0.10 < \Phi \le 0.20$	2			
02				$0.20 < \Phi \le 0.25$	1			
03	contamination			0.25<Ф	0			
	(non-display)	3.2 Line type : (As following drawing)						
		,	Length	Width	Acceptable Q TY			
		~ /¥ w		W≦0.02	Accept no dense	2.5		
		→ L +	L≦3.0	$0.02 < W \le 0.03$	2	2.3		
			L≦2.5	$0.03 < W \le 0.05$	2			
				0.05 < W	As round type			
		If bubbles are visible,		Size Φ	Acceptable Q TY			
		judge using black spot		$\Phi \leq 0.20$	Accept no dense	2.5		
04	Polarizer bubbles	specifications, not easy		$0.20 < \Phi \leq 0.50$	3			
		to find, must check in		$0.50 < \Phi \le 1.00$	2			
		specify direction.		1.00 < Ф	0			
		Total Q TY 3						

No	Item	Criterion						
05	Scratches	Follow NO.3 LCD black spots, white spots, contamination						
			Glass thickness a: LC:	ip thickness D side length  panels:				
		z: Chip thickness	y: Chip width	x: Chip length				
	Chipped	Z≦1/2t	Not over viewing area	$x \le 1/8a$				
06	06 glass	$1/2t < z \leq 2t$	Not exceed 1/3k	x ≤ 1/8a	2.5			
		Olf there are 2 or more 6.1.2 Corner crack:	chips, x is total length of	of each chip.				
		z: Chip thickness	y: Chip width	x: Chip length				
		Z≦1/2t	Not over viewing area	x ≤ 1/8a				
		$1/2t < z \leq 2t$	Not exceed 1/3k	x≤1/8a				
		⊙ If there are 2 or more chips, x is the total length of each chip.						

No	Item	Criterion							
		Symbols: x: Chip length y: Chip width z: Chip thickness k: Seal width t: Glass thickness a: LCD side length L: Electrode pad length 6.2 Protrusion over terminal: 6.2.1 Chip on electrode pad:							
	CI	y: Chip widthx: Chip lengthz: Chip thickness $y \le 0.5 \text{mm}$ $x \le 1/8a$ $0 < z \le t$ 6.2.2 Non-conductive portion:							
06	Glass crack	y X	NZ y	↑ Z	2.5				
		y: Chip width	x: Chip length	z: Chip thickness					
		y≦ L	x≤1/8a	$0 < z \leq t$					
		remain and be inspected ⊙If the product will be be damaged.	d according to electrode	mer, the alignment mark not					
		X	y: width	x: length	ļ				
			y≤1/3L						
		y M							

No	Item	Criterion	AQL		
07	Cracked glass	The LCD with extensive crack is not acceptable.	2.5		
		8.1 Illumination source flickers when lit.	0.65		
00	Backlight	8.2 Spots or scratched that appear when lit must be judged. Using	2.5		
08	elements	LCD spot, lines and contamination standards.			
		8.3 Backlight doesn't light or color wrong.	0.65		
		9.1 Bezel may not have rust, be deformed or have fingerprints,	2.5		
09	Bezel	stains or other contamination.			
		9.2 Bezel must comply with job specifications.	0.65		
		10.1 COB seal may not have pinholes larger than 0.2mm or	2.5		
		contamination.			
		10.2 COB seal surface may not have pinholes through to the IC.	2.5		
		10.3 The height of the COB should not exceed the height	0.65		
		indicated in the assembly diagram.			
		10.4 There may not be more than 2mm of sealant outside the seal	2.5		
		area on the PCB. And there should be no more than three places.			
		10.5 No oxidation or contamination PCB terminals.			
		10.6 Parts on PCB must be the same as on the production	2.5		
10	PCB · COB	characteristic chart. There should be no wrong parts, missing			
		parts or excess parts.			
		10.7 The jumper on the PCB should conform to the product			
		characteristic chart.	0.65		
		10.8 If solder gets on bezel tab pads, LED pad, zebra pad or			
		screw hold pad, make sure it is smoothed down.	2.5		
		10.9 The Scraping testing standard for Copper Coating of PCB			
		v	2.5		
		Y 2			
		$X * Y \leq 2mm^2$			
		11.1 No un-melted solder paste may be present on the PCB.	2.5		
		11.2 No cold solder joints, missing solder connections, oxidation	2.5		
11	Soldering	or icicle.			
		11.3 No residue or solder balls on PCB.	2.5		
		11.4 No short circuits in components on PCB.	0.65		

NO	Item	Criterion	AQL
		12.1 No oxidation, contamination, curves or, bends on interface Pin	2.5
		(OLB) of TCP.	
		12.2 No cracks on interface pin (OLB) of TCP.	0.65
		12.3 No contamination, solder residue or solder balls on product.	2.5
		12.4 The IC on the TCP may not be damaged, circuits.	2.5
		12.5 The uppermost edge of the protective strip on the interface pin	2.5
	Cananal	must be present or look as if it cause the interface pin to sever.	
		12.6 The residual rosin or tin oil of soldering (component or chip	2.5
12	General	component) is not burned into brown or black color.	
	appearance	12.7 Sealant on top of the ITO circuit has not hardened.	2.5
		12.8 Pin type must match type in specification sheet.	0.65
		12.9 LCD pin loose or missing pins.	0.65
		12.10 Product packaging must the same as specified on packaging	0.65
		specification sheet.	
		12.11 Product dimension and structure must conform to product	0.65
		specification sheet.	
		12.12 Visual defect outside of VA is not considered to be rejection.	0.65

### **12.Material List of Components for**

### **RoHs**

1. WINSTAR Display Co., Ltd hereby declares that all of or part of products (with the mark "#"in code), including, but not limited to, the LCM, accessories or packages, manufactured and/or delivered to your company (including your subsidiaries and affiliated company) directly or indirectly by our company (including our subsidiaries or affiliated companies) do not intentionally contain any of the substances listed in all applicable EU directives and regulations, including the following substances.

Exhibit A: The Harmful Material List

Material	Cd	Pb	Hg	Cr6+	PBB	PBDE	DEHP	BBP	DBP	DIBP
Limited	100	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000
Value ppm ppm ppm ppm ppm ppm ppm ppm ppm pp										
Above limited value is set up according to RoHS.										

2.Process for RoHS requirement : (only for RoHS inspection)

(1) Use the Sn/Ag/Cu soldering surface; the surface of Pb-free solder is rougher than we used before.

(2) Heat-resistance temp. :

Reflow:  $250^{\circ}$ C, 30 seconds Max.;

Connector soldering wave or hand soldering : 320°C, 10 seconds max.

(3) Temp. curve of reflow, max. Temp. :  $235\pm5^{\circ}$ C;

Recommended customer's soldering temp. of connector: 280°C, 3 seconds.

# 13. Recommendable Storage

- 1. Place the panel or module in the temperature 25°C±5°C and the humidity below 65% RH
- 2. Do not place the module near organics solvents or corrosive gases.
- 3. Do not crush, shake, or jolt the module.

ule Number :		Feedback Sheet Page: 1
• Panel Specification:		
1. Panel Type:	Pass	□ NG ,
2. View Direction:	☐ Pass	□ NG ,
3. Numbers of Dots:	☐ Pass	□ NG ,
4. View Area:	Pass	□ NG ,
5. Active Area:	Pass	□ NG ,
6. Operating Temperature:	Pass	□ NG ,
7. Storage Temperature:	Pass	□ NG ,
8. Others:		
<u>Mechanical Specification</u> :		
1. PCB Size:	Pass	□ NG ,
2. Frame Size:	Pass	□ NG ,
3. Materal of Frame:	Pass	□ NG ,
4. Connector Position:	Pass	□ NG ,
5. Fix Hole Position:	Pass	□ NG ,
6. Backlight Position:	Pass	□ NG ,
7. Thickness of PCB:	Pass	□ NG ,
8. Height of Frame to PCB:	Pass	□ NG ,
9. Height of Module:	Pass	□ NG ,
10. Others:	Pass	□ NG ,
Relative Hole Size :		
1. Pitch of Connector:	Pass	□ NG ,
2. Hole size of Connector:	Pass	☐ NG ,
3. Mounting Hole size:	Pass	□ NG ,
4. Mounting Hole Type:	Pass	□ NG ,
5. Others:	Pass	☐ NG ,
<b>Backlight Specification</b> :		
1. B/L Type:	Pass	□ NG ,
2. B/L Color:	Pass	□ NG ,
3. B/L Driving Voltage (Refere	nce for LED	$Type): \square Pass \square NG, \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$
4. B/L Driving Current:	Pass	□ NG ,
5. Brightness of B/L:	Pass	□ NG ,
6. B/L Solder Method:	Pass	□ NG ,
7. Others:	Pass	□ NG ,



	winstar		
Modu	le Number :		Page: 2
5、	<b>Electronic Characteristics of</b>	Module:	
1.	Input Voltage:	Pass	☐ NG ,
2.	Supply Current:	Pass	☐ NG ,
3.	Driving Voltage for LCD:	Pass	☐ NG ,
4.	Contrast for LCD:	Pass	☐ NG ,
5.	B/L Driving Method:	Pass	☐ NG ,
6.	Negative Voltage Output:	Pass	☐ NG ,
7.	Interface Function:	Pass	☐ NG ,
8.	LCD Uniformity:	Pass	□ NG ,
9.	ESD test:	Pass	□ NG ,
10.	Others:	☐ Pass	☐ NG ,
6、	Summary:		
	Sales signature :		
	Customer Signature :		<b>Date:</b> / /